NAKAYAMA'S LEMMA

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Lemma 0.0.1. Let M be a finitely generated module over a commutative ring A (with 1). Suppose there is an ideal of A such that M = IM. Then there is an element $a \in 1 + I$ such that aM = 0.

Proof. Let e_1, \ldots, e_n be a set of generators for M (over A). Then we have that

$$e_{1} = x_{11}e_{1} + x_{12}e_{2} + \dots + x_{1n}e_{n},$$

$$e_{2} = x_{21}e_{1} + x_{22}e_{2} + \dots + x_{2n}e_{n},$$

$$\vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots$$

$$e_{n} = x_{n1}e_{1} + x_{n2}e_{2} + \dots + x_{nn}e_{n},$$

for $x_{ij} \in I$. Let X be the matrix (x_{ij}) , then the above set of equations is equivalent to

$$(X - \mathrm{id}) \begin{pmatrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \\ \vdots \\ e_n \end{pmatrix} = 0,$$

where id is the identity matrix. Multiplying by the adjoint matrix of X – id we obtain that

$$\det(X - \mathrm{id}) \begin{pmatrix} e_1 \\ e_2 \\ \vdots \\ e_n \end{pmatrix} = 0,$$

where det denotes determinant. Thus, $det(X - id)e_i = 0$ for all *i*, consequently det(X - id)M = 0. Expanding the determinant we see that det(X - id) = 1 + a, with $a \in I$.

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